

## **RETROSPECTIVE STUDY OF CLINICAL MASTITIS AT THE KANYARIRI FARM.**

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### **ABSTRACT**

This study was carried out in the Kanyariri Veterinary Farm. Data from records at the farm were examined for the occurrence of mastitis. The prevalence of mastitis were highest in wet seasons, in milking animals and at six months post partum. From this study we can conclude that mastitis is attributed to unhygienic conditions whereby improvement in hygiene greatly reduces the prevalence.